cta

TransIt

CHICAGO TRANSIT AUTHORITY

he Chicago Transit Authority operates the nation's second largest public transportation system. On an average weekday, 1.5 million rides are taken on CTA, which serves Chicago and 38 suburbs.

CTA has 2,035 buses that operate over 139 routes and 2,054 route miles. Buses make about 24,000 trips a day and serve 12,827 posted bus stops.

On the rapid transit system, CTA's 1,134 rapid transit cars operate over seven routes and 224 miles of track. CTA trains make about 2,000 trips each day and serve 138 stations.

Chicago is one of the few cities in the world that has rapid transit service to two major airports. CTA's Blue Line 'L' can take riders to O'Hare International Airport in 35 to 40 minutes from stations in the Dearborn subway downtown.

Orange Line trains, which operate clockwise on the Loop 'L' structure, make trips to Midway Airport in about

30 minutes. Riders traveling from one airport to the other can change trains without paying any extra fare at the Clark/Lake station.

CTA also provides around-the-clock service on some of its routes. In the late night and early morning hours, major rapid transit routes and some of CTA's bus routes offer "Night Owl" service, much of it with connecting schedules and routing.

Chicago Transit Authority is an independent governmental agency created by state legislation. CTA began operating on Oct. 1, 1947, after it acquired the properties of the Chicago Rapid Transit Company and the Chicago Surface Lines. On Oct. 1, 1952, CTA became the sole operator of Chicago transit when it purchased the Chicago Motor Coach system.

The governing arm of CTA is the Chicago Transit Board. Valerie B. Jarrett currently serves as chairman. The board consists of seven members, four

appointed by the mayor of Chicago and three by the governor of Illinois. The mayor's appointees are subject to the approval of the governor and the Chicago City Council; the governor's appointees are subject to the approval of the mayor and the Illinois State Senate. CTA's day-to-day operations are directed by David R. Mosena, president.

CTA generates revenue from farebox collections and also receives supplemental funding for operating expenses from the Regional Transportation Authority (RTA).

The RTA was established in 1974 to oversee local transportation operators in the six-county Chicago metropolitan area. Illinois state law requires the three RTA service boards - CTA, Metra (the suburban rail system), and Pace (the suburban bus system) to recover collectively at least 50% of operating costs from farebox and other system revenues. RTA provides public funding for the agencies' remaining operating expenses.

CTA FACTS AT A GLANCE

Area served by CTA Service population (based on 1990 census)	Chicago and 38 suburbs 3.7 million
1996 Operating budget 1996 Capital budget	
Rail Special services	1.0 million 0.5 million 1.5 million 306.1 million 135.4 million
Bus route miles	

CTA FACTS AT A GLANCE

Number of 2,035 Buses 2,035 Bus routes 139 Bus stops 12,827 Rapid transit cars 1,134 Rapid transit routes 7 Rapid transit stations 138 Employee positions 12,243
Important transit dates in Chicago Horse car service began